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Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

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- 5 1 (currently amended): A nitride based light emitting diode (LED) comprising: a substrate;
 - a light emitting stacked structure formed over the substrate;
 - a nitride based dual dopant contact layer formed over the light emitting stacked structure, the nitride based dual dopant contact layer comprising a plurality of p-type dopants and a plurality of a type dopants at least a p-type dopant and an n-type dopant, and a material of the p-type dopant being different from a material of the n-type dopant; and
 - a transparent conductive oxide layer formed over the nitride based dual dopant contact layer.
 - 2 (currently amended): The LED of claim 1, wherein the nitride based dual dopant contact layer is made of Al_aIn_bGa_{1-(a+b)}N (0≤a≤1; 0≤b≤1; and 0≤a+b≤1) AlInGaN-based-material, the transparent conductive oxide layer is made of indium-tin oxide (ITO), cadmium-tin oxide, antimony-tin oxide (ATO), zinc oxide (ZnO), or zinc-tin oxide.
 - 3 (previously presented): The LED of claim 1, wherein the nitride based dual dopant contact layer is formed by adding the p-type dopants and the n-type dopants together through an epitaxy growth.
 - 4 (previously presented): The LED of claim 1, wherein the nitride based dual dopant contact layer is formed by: providing a second conductive type contact layer on the light emitting stacked structure; then providing a first conductive type contact layer on the second conductive type contact layer; and then cooling the

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LED through a cooling rate less than 40°C/min.

- 5 (previously presented): The LED of claim 1 wherein the substrate is an insulating substrate, the light emitting stacked structure comprising:
- 5 a buffer layer formed over the insulating substrate;
 - a first conductivity type contact layer formed over the buffer layer, the first conductivity type contact layer being made of $Al_{x_1}In_{y_1}Ga_{1-(x_1+y_1)}N$ ($0 \le x_1 \le 1$; $0 \le y_1 \le 1$; and $0 \le x_1 + y_1 \le 1$);
- a multiple quantum well light emitting layer formed over the first conductivity type

 nitride based contact layer; and
 - a second conductivity type contact layer formed over the multiple quantum well light emitting layer, the second conductivity type contact layer being made of $Al_{x2}In_{y2}Ga_{1-(x2+y2)}N$ $(0 \le x2 \le 1; 0 \le y2 \le 1; and 0 \le x2+y2 \le 1)$.
- 6 (previously presented): The LED of claim 5, wherein the insulating substrate is made of one material selected from a material group consisting of sapphire, LiGaO₂, and LiAlO₂.
- 7 (original): The LED of claim 5, wherein the multiple quantum well has r InGaN quantum wells and (r+1) InGaN barriers, each InGaN quantum well is sandwiched in between two InGaN barriers, each InGaN quantum well is fabricated by In_eGa_{1-e}N, and each InGaN barrier is made of In_fGa_{1-f}N, r≥1, and 0≤f<e≤1.</p>
- 8 (original): The LED of claim 5 further comprising a first conductivity type cladding layer interposed between the first conductivity type contact layer and the multiple quantum well light emitting layer and the first conductivity type cladding layer is made of Al_xGa_{1-x}N, and 0≤x≤1.
- 30 9 (original): The LED of claim 5 further comprising a second conductivity type cladding layer interposed between the second conductivity type contact layer

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and the multiple quantum well light emitting layer and the second conductivity type cladding layer is made of $Al_2Ga_{1-2}N$, and $0 \le z \le 1$.

- 10 (previously presented): The LED of claim 1, wherein the substrate is a conductive substrate.
 - 11 (previously presented): The LED of claim 10 wherein the conductive substrate is made of one material selected from a material group consisting of GaN, SiC, Si, AlN, ZnO, MgO, GaP, GaAs, and Ge.

12-18 (cancelled).

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- 19 (currently amended): The LED of claim 1 wherein the nitride based dual dopant contact layer is made of AlaInbGa1-(a+b)N (0≤a≤1; 0≤b≤1; and 0≤a+b≤1)
 AlInGaN-based material; the n-type dopants are made of Si, Ge, Sn, Te, O, S, or C; and the p-type dopants are made of Mg, Zn, Be, or Ca.
 - 20 (new): A nitride based light emitting diode (LED) comprising: a substrate;
- a light emitting stacked structure formed over the substrate;
 - a nitride based dual dopant contact layer formed over the light emitting stacked structure, the nitride based dual dopant contact layer being made of Al_aIn_bGa_{1-(a+b)}N (0≤a≤1; 0≤b≤1; and 0≤a+b≤1) and comprising at least a p-type dopant and an n-type dopant, a material of the p-type dopant being different from a material of the n-type dopant; and
 - a transparent conductive oxide layer formed over the nitride based dual dopant contact layer.
 - 21 (new): A nitride based light emitting diode (LED) comprising:
- 30 a substrate;

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a light emitting stacked structure formed over the substrate;

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a nitride based dual dopant contact layer formed over the light emitting stacked structure, the nitride based dual dopant contact layer comprising at least a p-type dopant and an n-type dopant, the n-type dopant being made of Si, Ge, Sn, Te, O, S, or C and the p-type dopant being made of Mg, Zn, Be, or Ca; and

5 a transparent conductive oxide layer formed over the nitride based dual dopant contact layer.